

MINDFULNESS OF THE MIND; Part 1: Process

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Find a comfortable way to sit. Adjust your posture so that your spine is erectwithout being rigid or stiff. Allow the rest of your body to be relaxed around the upright spine. Rest your hands in your lap or on your legs. Allow your eyes to gently close. Bring full attention to the physical sensations of sittingstill.

Pause

Allow your breathing to be natural. Bringing attention to your head, release any tension in the face, soften the eyes, and relax the jaw. Scanning the bodyslowly downward, relax the neck and shoulders. Feeling the rise and fall of the chest and abdomen with the breath, soften the belly with each exhalation.

Pause

Bringing the attention all the way down through the body to the places of contact with the chair or cushion, allow your body to be supported by these at you're on. Feel the pressure and density of the relaxed upright body sitting.

Pause

Bringing your full attention to the present-time experience, acknowledge the full range of phenomena that are happening in the moment. Thinking is happening; hearing is happening; seeing (even with the eyes closed), tasting, smelling, and physical and emotional sensations are all present.

Pause

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Allowing all the experiences to be as they are, redirect your attention to thesensations of the breath. Let the other sense experiences fall to the background as you bring the awareness of breathing to the foreground.

Pause

Take a few moments to investigate where you feel the breath most easily (usually either at the base of the nostrils or in the rising and falling of the abdomen). Find the place where you feel the breath coming and going, anduse that as the point of focus. (It's best to choose one place and stick with it;don't jump back and forth between nose and belly. It is not necessary to follow the breath in and out.)

Pause

While you are training the mind in present-time awareness of the breath, withthe mind's almost constant wandering and returning, it is important to bring a quality of kindness and understanding to the practice.

Pause

Try to be friendly toward your experience. Of course the attention wanders. Try not to take it personally; it's not your fault. That's just what the untrainedmind does. It will take some time and perseverance to train the attention to stay with the chosen object of awareness.

Three minutes of silence

From the foundation of present-time investigative awareness that is infused with the intention of kindness and understanding, you can turn your attention the mind itself.

Pause

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After having established awareness of the breath/body and the feeling toneof the present moment, expand the attention to the process of the thinkingmind. Observe the arising and passing of thoughts.

Pause

Allow the awareness to be expansive: try not to get caught in the content of the thoughts; let go of the need to solve any problems or make any plans.

Just relax into the present-time awareness of thoughts coming and going.

Pause

Break the addiction to the contents of and identification with your mind. Meditate on the mind as a process. Each thought is like a bubble floating

through the spaciousness of awareness. One may contain a plan, another amemory, and yet another a judgment or emotion.

Pause

Allow each thought to pass without getting into the bubble or floating offwith it.

Three minutes of silence

Until the meditation practice has matured, you will get seduced by the thinking mind over and over, floating off into a plan or memory that feels tooimportant to let pass. Or all of a sudden you will have what seems like the most important revelation or inspiration.

Pause

This is the natural process of training the mind and transforming yourrelationship to the contents of your mind.



Pause

As with the breath, simply let go and return to the present over and over, bursting the bubble and redirecting the attention to the process again and again.

Pause

If there is a foundation of attention that is concentrated and stable, you maybe able to experience the completely impersonal phenomenon of the proliferation of thoughts.

Pause

You may see that one thought that arises leads to the next and the next andthe next, until all of a sudden the mind is off in some fantasy, each bubble giving birth to the next.

Two minutes of silence

(Ring Bell)